



**Department of Epidemiological Surveillance and Intervention  
Vaccine Preventable and Congenital Diseases' Office**

**Update of the week on the number of measles notified cases  
Thursday, 28<sup>th</sup> September 2017**

Measles outbreaks continue to occur in a number of EU countries.

Up to 28<sup>th</sup> September 2017, 196 measles cases have been notified in Greece. The highest frequency has been observed in South Greece. It concerns people of Greek nationality (mainly young Roma children, as well as Greek adults mainly aged 25-44 years old) susceptible to measles, among them healthcare professionals who were unvaccinated or partly vaccinated. More cases are expected to be laboratory confirmed in the near future, and an increase of cases as well as spread in other geographical areas cannot be excluded. No death has been reported.

Vaccination with the combined measles-mumps-rubella (MMR) vaccine is recommended for children, adolescents and adults who have not been vaccinated with the appropriate doses. According to the National Immunization Program, children, adolescents and adults who were born after 1970 and have no evidence of immunity should receive 2 doses of measles containing vaccine.

Epidemiological surveillance of the disease, healthcare professionals' vigilance, intensification of vaccination and continuous awareness by the local and national authorities are the most appropriate measures for the control of the disease.

**Table. Measles notified cases, Greece\***

Laboratory confirmed cases with serological test and/or PCR in pharyngeal swab	165
Probable cases meeting the clinical criteria and epidemiological link with laboratory confirmed cases	26
Possible cases meeting the clinical criteria	5
<b>TOTAL CASES</b>	<b>196</b>

\* Includes data notified to HCDCP in the year 2017, up to 28<sup>th</sup> September, at 12:00 pm